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Ghost Buster (Citrus Remover For Hair Systems Only)

PRODUCT DATA

Preparation Date: May 2010

DESCRIPTION:

Ghost Buster is a concentrated blend of d-Limonene, citrus components, and surfactants. It is suited for use on hair systems to remove adhesive and residue before reapplication.

Ghost Buster is designed to make cleanup of the Ghost Bond easy and simple. Ghost Buster is formulated with the environment in mind and is nonylphenol free (no NP-surfactants), has no ozone depleting chemicals (ODC), and no hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

Specific formulation guidance and technical assistance is available.

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Ghost Buster

Product Code: 21

Issue Date: May 23rd 2010

Manufacturer: PHL Inc Address: 4775 Allen Road

Zephyrhills, Florida

33541

For emergencies, call PHL Inc anytime at 1.800.778.4247 or if outside the USA 1.813.788.7468.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance/Odor: Colorless to amber liquid with a mild underlying citrus aroma.

Product is Combustible.

Slippery when spilled.

Potential Health Effects: See Section 11 for more information. Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact, skin contact, inhalation.

Eye: Causes moderate to severe irritation.

Skin: May cause slight redness. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause drying of the skin.

Inhalation: May cause nose, throat, and respiratory tract irritation, coughing, headache.

Ingestion: Not likely to be toxic, but may cause vomiting, headache, or other medical problems.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: May irritate the skin of people with pre-existing skin conditions. This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC, or NTP.

OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is combustible, which is defined as having a flash point between 100°F (37.8°C) and 200°F (93.3°C). Combustible materials are hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITIONANTFOR-NIATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Component	CAS #	% by W t.	
Citrus Terpenes	94266-47-4	30-70	
Nonionic Surfactant	61791-12-6	0 - 4 0	
Nonionic Surfactant	68131-39-5	0 - 4 0	
Water	7732-18-5	0 - 1 0	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses at once. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin Contact: Wash affected area with copious amounts of soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

General: As with any chemical, employees should thoroughly wash hands with soap and water after handling this material.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry chemical. Caution: Carbon dioxide will displace air in confined

spaces and may create an oxygen deficient atmosphere.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water.

Products of Combustion: Forms acrid fumes, carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide.

Protection of Firefighters: Vapors may be irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Firefighters should wear self-con-

tained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting turnout gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Product is slippery when spilled. Isolate the

hazard area. Deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental Precautions: Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill area and cap leaking containers as necessary to prevent further spreading of spilled material.

Methods for Clean Up: Absorb spilled liquid with suitable material.

Eliminate all ignition sources. Use equipment rated for use around combustible materials. Place in

appropriate disposal container.

There are no special reporting requirements for spills of this material.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Other Information:

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Open container slowly to release pressure caused by temperature variations. Do not allow this material to come in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Use in well ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapors. As with any chemical, employees should thoroughly wash hands with soap and water after handling this material.

Storage

Product may be packaged in phenolic-lined, steel containers, or fluorinated plastic containers. Store in well ventilated area. Storage temperature should not exceed flashpoint for extended periods of time. Keep container closed when not in use. Air should be excluded from partially filled containers by displacing with nitrogen or carbon dioxide. Do not cut, drill, grind, or weld on or near this container, residual vapors may ignite.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLSIPERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines
Citrus Terpenes
Nonionic Surfactant
N/E (N/E - Not Established)

Nonionic Surfactant N/E
Nonionic Surfactant N/E
Water N/E

TWA -Time Weighted Average

Engineering Controls: Provide ventilation. Keep away from sparks and flames.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses or goggles.

Skin Protection:

Respiratory Protection:

Nitrile gloves are recommended. Boots, apron, or bodysuits should be worn as necessary.

Not normally required. If adequate ventilation is unavailable, use NIOSH approved air n, wifving recommended. Boots, apron, or bodysuits should be worn as necessary.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION, continued from page 3

TDG Status: Hazardous IMO Status: Hazardous IATA Status: Hazardous

The listed transportation classification does not address regulatory variations due to changes in package size, mode of shipment, or other regulatory descriptions.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Global Inventories

The components of this product are included in the following inventories:

USA (TSCA)

Canada (DSL)

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/Polymer/NLP)

Australia (AILS)

Korea (KECL)

Philippines (PICCS)

Proposition 65 - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

This product is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins under California Proposition 65 at levels which would be subject to the proposition.

SARA Title III (Section 313)

This substance contains no materials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III (Section 313).

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association

Health -1 (slight hazard) Fire -2 (moderate hazard) Reactivity -0 (minimal hazard)

PACKAGING

Ghost Buster is packaged in Florinated containers as follows:

1-Gallon Pail 7.4 Pounds Net Weight 3.4 kg Net Weight

Legend

OSHA – United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP - National Toxicology Program

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

BHT – Butylated Hydroxytoluene

EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: Colorless to amber liquid.

Aroma: Citrus aroma. Physical State: Liquid.

Boiling Point: 310°F to 332°F (154°C to 167°C) Specific Gravity: 0.891 to 0.902 @ 68°F (20°C) Vapor Pressure: <2mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)

Flash Point: 124°F (5 1. VQ

Flammable Limits: LEL approx. 0.7%, UEL approx. 6.1% (For primary component).

Solubility in Water: Forms emulsion. Evaporation Rate: Medium to fast.

Volatile organic compound (VOC) content: 60 to 95% by volume.

Note: These specifications represent a typical sample of this product, but actual values may vary. Certificates of Analysis and Specification

Sheets are available upon request.

	SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Stability:	Stable.	
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames.	
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizing agents and strong acids, including acidic clays, peroxides, halogens,	
	vinyl chloride, and iodine pentafluoride.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of citrus terpenes, which can result from improper storage and handling, are	
	known to cause skin sensitization.	
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	BHT, an antioxidant, has been added to prevent oxidation. Avoid long-term exposure to	

air. If storing partially filled container, fill headspace with an inert gas such as nitrogen

or carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Effects

Citrus terpenes have been shown to have low oral toxicity (LD50>5 g/kg) and low dermal toxicity (LD50>5g/kg) when tested on rabbits. Citrus terpenes also showed low toxicity by inhalation (RD50> 1 g/kg) when tested on mice. Product may be a skin and eye irritant. Inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

Chronic Effects

This product is not classified as a carcinogen by OSHA, IARC or NTP. This product has not been shown to produce genetic changes when tested on bacterial or animal cells. This product does not contain known reproductive or developmental toxins. Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause drying or dermatitis of skin. Improper storage and handling may lead to the formation of a possible skin sensitizer.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: There is no information available at this time for this product. However, a spill may produce significant toxicity to aquatic organisms and ecosystems. Some studies have shown that certain bacteria and fungi have the ability to degrade terpenes, decreasing their toxicity to fish. When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water.

Persistence/Degradability: Product is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation: No appreciable bioconcentration is expected in the environment.

Mobility in Environment: Citrus terpenes volatilize rapidly.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Incinerate or dispose of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations. Taking regulations into consideration, waste may be incinerated or handled through EPA Spill Control Plan via landfill or dilution. Commercially clean containers prior to disposal. Oil soaked rags should be disposed of properly to prevent spontaneous combustion.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Shipping Classification

TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class: UN2319 Identification No.: Packing Group:

Label/Placard: exception §173.150(f) applies.